

LAMPAC Fall Conference Elections are Over – Now What? November 10, 2020

Jonathan Weisgall

Vice President, Government Relations



Shawn Cooper 10-27: Post-2020 Election Federal Policy Trends

President Trump Re-Elect

- COVID-19 recovery package
- "Return to Normal" in 2021
- Infrastructure
- Taxes (COVID recovery, Tax cuts & Jobs Act extenders)

- Deregulation agenda
- Trade (China focus)
- Healthcare (prescription drug pricing, repeal of ACA)

Biden/Harris Win (plus Dem Control of Senate)

- COVID-19 recovery package
- Infrastructure
- Climate change, "Re-Regulation", Environmental Justice
- Foreign policy "reboot"

- Police reforms
- Economic inequality (taxes, expansion of Social Safety net programs)
- Healthcare (universal care, prescription drug pricing)

Overview



- No blue wave
- Moderation the winner? Biden comments:
 - "End the demonization"
 - "I've lost a couple times myself. But now, let's give each other a chance.
 It's time to put away the harsh rhetoric, lower the temperature, see each other again, listen to each other again."
- Biden the FDR of clean energy? No
- Biden the LBJ of clean energy?
- Is divided government better for the USA?
- Outlook on global warming?

Energy - general



- Federal government constraint \rightarrow state policies
- Influence of market forces
- Renewable energy industry moving from defense to offense
- There are deals to be made if the will is there
- What do Republicans want? What do Democrats want?
- Energy Policy Act of 2005 18 titles
- Everything Biden does on energy will tie in to jobs

Lame duck session



- Republicans: Run out of the clock or take action?
- Appropriations: Must do; CR expires December 11
- Confirmation of more judges (district judges)
- National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA)
- Small Covid-19 relief bill? House-Senate far apart; GOP caucus not unified; nothing for renewable energy
- Infrastructure package? Wait for next Congress
- Tax extenders? Maybe. At best one year

Energy – bipartisan agreement

- American Energy Innovation Act (S. 2657) 60 co-sponsors
 - Mostly R&D (renewables; energy storage; carbon capture; advanced nuclear; vehicle technologies) plus provisions on energy efficiency; minerals; cyber and grid security and modernization; workforce development (green job retraining)
- Nuclear Energy Leadership Act (S. 903) (13 Rs, 9 Ds)
- Land-use practices to sequester carbon (tree planting, reforestation, climatesmart soil management) (H.R. 5859) Trillion Trees Act (33Rs, 3Ds)
- Ratify Kigali Amendment (phasing down use of hydrofluorocarbons (S. 2754 – 16Rs, 17Ds)
- Carbon pricing: escalating price on carbon; some support and growing
- Hydropower incentives; marine renewables
- Transmission upgrades

Energy – taxes



- 2019: 4 losers (extension of ITC solar and EV credits; offshore wind; stand-alone energy storage). Winner: wind PTC (1-year extension)
- Democrats: tax incentives for most zero-carbon generation (all 5 above), plus direct pay options in lieu of tax credits (tax credit monetization)
- Republicans: tax credits for a more limited selection of technologies (carbon capture, direct air capture, and energy storage)
- S. 1142 (energy storage tax credit): 13Ds, 2Rs
- "Leap-frog" existing technology-specific credits in favor of technology neutral tax credits to support emerging technologies and existing renewable energy technologies?

January 20, 2021 executive orders



- Coronavirus: national supply commander (testing, vaccines, PPE)
- Rejoin the Paris climate accord
- Rejoin the World Health Organization
- Restore the rights of government workers to unionize
- Reverse Trump's travel ban on travel from some Muslim-majority countries
- Reinstate DACA (Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals program)
- No member of the administration to influence Justice Department investigations
- Restore wildlife areas (Bears Ears and Grand Staircase-Escalante national monuments and opening parts of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge to oil exploration)

Executive branch rulemakings



- Roll back Trump energy rollbacks
 - Methane regulation for oil and gas wells
 - Fuel economy standards
 - Tighten efficiency standards for appliances and buildings
 - NEPA rule with implications for infrastructure permitting
 - Need to avoid court reversal (Chevron doctrine; 6-3 Supreme Court)
- New agency orders:
 - Environmental justice (pollution monitoring in vulnerable communities)
 - Clean energy in government fleets and buildings (procurement)
 - White House climate office (coordinate agency actions)
 - Social cost of carbon in approving projects
 - SEC: disclose climate-related corporate information (financial risks, etc.)
 - Interior: advance offshore wind

Climate moves - international



- World summit to press key leaders to cut emissions more aggressively
- Impose a carbon border fee on items imported from countries that lack strong climate policies?
- What if EU establishes its own border adjustment tariff on imports?
- Risk in linking trade and climate change: retaliatory tariffs from oil-producing nations (Russia, Saudi Arabia); WTO challenge
- Is using "green protectionism" a way of carrying out a trade war by a different name?
- Would these tariffs exacerbate already strained relations with China when the world's two largest economies should be cooperating on clean energy? (Biden called Xi "a thug")

Role of Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

- Possible driver (mainstay?) for Biden's energy agenda
- Republican majority; will turn Democratic by June 2021
- Democratic chair effective January 20, 2021 (Rich Glick?)
- FERC already helpful on clean energy issues:
 - Transmission incentives (higher return on equity)
 - Willingness to incorporate state carbon pricing in wholesale markets it oversees
 - Allow small-scale distributed energy resources and storage to aggregate and bid into organized markets (Order 2222)
 - Planning an EV workshop
 - New: climate impacts when approving natural gas pipelines
 - Other market constructs to support renewables (EIM \rightarrow Western RTO?)

What won't happen?



- Federal clean energy standard
- Zero-carbon mandate; Obama couldn't when he controlled Senate and House (2010 Waxman-Markey bill)
- Biden \$2 trillion clean energy plan
- Repeal of Trump 2017 tax plan
- Biden tax plan: income and investment tax increases on top earners, higher taxes for corporations
- EV charging network and more deployment of EVs
- Expanding access to Obamacare
- Overhauling the nation's immigration system
- Expanding the Supreme Court



Questions?